HIV/AIDS SENTINEL PROVIDERS' NETWORK NEWSLETTER



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HIV/AIDS Epidemiology: (206) 296-4645

What you need to know about HIV Incidence Surveillance (but were too

busy to ask): Whether you have completed an HIV case report or not, health department staff members may have filled out a case report for one or more of your patients. Both HIV and AIDS are reportable within 3 days of a diagnosis. We rely on you to help us find the information for a complete case report, including data needed to calculate local and national HIV incidence estimates. A new estimate of national incidence will be published later this summer. Here is a quick three-question quiz that will let you know some of the information we seek for Incidence, Drug Resistance, and Core HIV/AIDS Surveillance.

1. Data needed to complete a case report include (choose all that apply) a. last date of a negative HIV test b. first date of a positive HIV test

c. was 1st positive anonymous or confidential
 d. names of sexual partners

u. names of sexual partners

2. What was newly added to the HIV/AIDS case report last year (choose all that apply)?

■ a. methamphetamine use

□ b. drug resistance testing (type of test, laboratory, and date)

 c. creatinine levels, to estimate GFR to measure kidney function

3. If you were to ask your patient how often they tested for HIV previous to their first positive test, the health department would want to know mostly about:

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	a. the six months before the first positive test
	b. the year before their first positive test

□ c. the two years before the first positive test

Answers:

1. a. b. and c. are correct

2. a. and b. are correct

3. c. is correct

Thanks for taking the quiz! Please see www.doh.wa.gov/Notify/forms/hiv-case-report.pdf for the current HIV/AIDS case report.

The Little Prick (that you can deal with):

The HIV/AIDS Program of Public Health – Seattle & King County has launched a multi-media campaign designed to increase the frequency of HIV testing among men who have sex with men (MSM) at highest risk for HIV infection. Local data suggest that while most MSM have tested at least once in their lifetime, high-risk MSM are not testing as frequently as would be desirable. The "Little Prick" campaign encourages MSM who have one of three high-risk factors to get tested every three months. These factors which greatly increase risk of HIV acquisition are:

 unprotected sex with a partner of unknown or discordant HIV serostatus;

□ a history of sexually transmitted diseases during the previous year; and

use of methamphetamines or poppers.

The campaign will reach MSM through gay-oriented internet sites, gay-oriented print media, billboards, sidewalk chalk drawings outside key bars and bathhouses, and coasters, posters and mirror clings that we are distributing businesses and organizations that cater to gay and bisexual and other MSM in Seattle & King County.

We would greatly appreciate your support of this effort by encouraging patients in the target audience to sign up for an automated three-month HIV testing email reminder. Patients can register for the email reminder at www.homohealth.org/littleprick.htm. For further information about the campaign or to request additional campaign materials, please contact the HIV/AIDS Program at (206) 296-4649.

HIV/AIDS Epidemiology Brown-bag

meetings occur approximately monthly, usually Tuesday lunchtimes at the 3rd floor 400 Yesler building. For more information, to be added to the mailing list, or to suggest a speaker or topic, please call Christina Thibault at (206) 205-0997 or email christina.thibault@kingcounty.gov.

Clinical Conferences. Clinical conferences are usually the 3rd Tuesday of each month 8am to 9am at the HMC Research and Training Building. For more information on the AIDS Clinical conferences, including CME, contact Kyle Davidson at (206) 744-6972.

EPIDEMIC AT A GLANCE: AIDS CASES Cumulative Persons living AIDS Cases **AIDS Deaths** with AIDS Seattle-King County (actual reports, 4/30/08) 7,734 4,242 3,492 Washington State (actual reports, 4/30/08) 12,194 6,528 5,666 United States (estimated, 12/31/06) 1,014,798 565.927 448,871

HIV CASES (WITHOUT AIDS)

	Cumulative HIV non- AIDS Cases	HIV non- AIDS Deaths	Persons living with HIV non- AIDS
Seattle-King County (actual reports, 4/30/08)	2,892	143	2,749
Washington State (actual reports, 4/30/08)	4,561	249	4,312
United States (estimated, 12/31/06)*			233,079

^{*} For 33 states and 5 US territories with long-standing confidential name-based HIV reporting, not including WA

TOTAL HIV/AIDS CASES

	Cumulative HIV & AIDS	HIV & AIDS Deaths	Persons living with HIV /AIDS
Seattle-King County (actual reports, 4/30/08)	10,626	4,385	6,241
Washington State (actual reports, 4/30/08)	16,755	6,777	9,978
United States (estimated, 12/31/06)*			681,950

^{*} For 33 states and 5 US territories with long-standing confidential name-based HIV reporting, not including WA

To report AIDS and HIV disease cases or to order reporting forms and information, call Faythe Crosby at (206) 296-4645.

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